## Determining the Number of Repeats in your Alleles

The D1S80 repeat unit is 16 bp in length. The smallest allele for D1S80 has 14 repeats. Use the table below to determine how many repeat units are contained in your PCR fragments. The size that you extrapolated using linear regression should be within 8 bp of any particular allele.

| Allele Size <br> (in bp) | Number of <br> Repeats |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{3 6 9}$ | 14 |
| $\mathbf{3 8 5}$ | 15 |
| $\mathbf{4 0 1}$ | 16 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 7}$ | 17 |
| $\mathbf{4 3 3}$ | 18 |
| $\mathbf{4 4 9}$ | 19 |
| $\mathbf{4 6 5}$ | 20 |
| $\mathbf{4 8 1}$ | 21 |
| $\mathbf{4 9 7}$ | 22 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 3}$ | 23 |
| $\mathbf{5 2 9}$ | 24 |
| $\mathbf{5 4 5}$ | 25 |
| $\mathbf{5 6 1}$ | 26 |
| $\mathbf{5 7 7}$ | 27 |
| $\mathbf{5 9 3}$ | 28 |
| $\mathbf{6 0 9}$ | 29 |
| $\mathbf{6 2 5}$ | 30 |
| $\mathbf{6 4 1}$ | 31 |
| $\mathbf{6 5 7}$ | 32 |
| $\mathbf{6 7 3}$ | 33 |
| $\mathbf{6 8 9}$ | 34 |
| $\mathbf{7 0 5}$ | 35 |
| $\mathbf{7 2 1}$ | 36 |
| $\mathbf{7 3 7}$ | 37 |
| $\mathbf{7 6 9}$ | 38 |
| $\mathbf{7 8 5}$ | 39 |
| $\mathbf{8 0 1}$ | 40 |
|  | 41 |
|  |  |

Your type (or genotype) is then recorded as the repeat size. For example, if your alleles contain 17 and 35 repeats, your genotype is 17,35 (read " 17 coma 35 ").

My type is... $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ .

Am I a clone of Marion Hawthorne? $\qquad$ Maybe $\qquad$ No

